§884.0 Purpose.

This part sets forth the authority, policy, and procedures for making Air Force military and civilian personnel as well as dependents available to U.S. civil authorities for trial, or specified court appearances. It implements 32 CFR part 146. It applies to all Air Force military personnel, including Reserve members while on active or inactive duty training, and Air National Guard members while in federal status under title 10, United States Code (U.S.C.), all Department of the Air Force (DAF) ciemployees (including nonvilian appropriated fund (NAF) employees), and all dependents. This part establishes the policy that Air Force members, civilian employees, and dependents are expected to comply with valid orders of federal or state courts of competent jurisdiction. It is not applicable where a state, having jurisdiction for the purpose of executing criminal process, proceeds by service of process to take custody of a military member, employee or dependent without making a formal request for the individual's delivery. This part is not intended to confer any rights, benefits, privileges or form of due process procedure upon any individuals.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§884.1 Authority for delivery of Air Force military personnel.

Under Uniform Code of Military Justice, Article 14 (10 U.S.C. 814); Pub. L. 100-456, section 721(a); and the policy expressed in 32 CFR part 146 (DOD Directive 5525.9), a commander exercising general court-martial jurisdiction, or an installation or support group commander when authorized by the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction, may authorize delivery of a member of his or her command to the civil authorities of the United States or of a state of the United States under the conditions prescribed in this part. An installation commander given authority to approve requests made pursuant to this part may delegate such approval authority to a commander of a combat support group, air base group, mission support squadron, or equivalent.

§884.2 Requests under the Interstate Agreement on Detainers Act.

The Interstate Agreement on Detainers Act (Act), 18 U.S.C. App. section 1 et seq., is a compact entered into by most of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the United States. The Act applies to military prisoners and is implemented by this section. The purpose of the Act is to encourage the expeditions and orderly disposition of charges outstanding against a prisoner and determination of the proper status of any and all detainers based on untried indictments, informations, plaints. The Act provides a way for the prisoner to be tried on charges pending before state courts, either at the prisoner's request or at the request of the state where the charges are pending. When a request under the Act is received from either the prisoner or state authorities, the procedures set out in 18 U.S.C. App. section 1 et seq., should be followed. The Act applies only to "a person who has entered upon a term of imprisonment in a penal or correctional institution" and is therefore inapplicable to members in pretrial confinement.

§ 884.3 Release on bail or recognizance.

The civil authority to whom a military member is delivered under this part may release the member on bail or on the member's own recognizance before final disposition of the charges. In the event of such a release, the commander authorized to deliver the member, or his or her designee, must, before delivery, direct the member in writing to report to a designated Air Force unit, activity or recruiting office for further instructions (see §884.18). If the civil authorities to whom delivery was authorized are in the immediate vicinity of the member's base, the activity designated ordinarily will be the member's unit. The Air Force unit, activity, or recruiting office designated will be advised of this action by the commander taking this action. The authority to whom the member reports must communicate, by the fastest practicable means, the member's name,